

# TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE

UN 2259

Shipping Name: Triethylenetetramine

Other Names: N-N'-bis(2-aminoethyl)-1,2-ethanediamine

TETA Trien



#### Hazards:

- Severely irritating to skin, eyes, nose and lungs; prolonged contact with skin can cause burns
- Container may BLEVE when exposed to fire
- Vapors are heavier than air and will collect and stay in low areas
- Combustion or decomposition products upon heating include toxic nitrogen oxides

# Awareness and Operational Level Training Response:

- Stay upwind and uphill
- Determine the extent of the problem
- Isolate the area of release or fire and deny entry
- For container exposed to fire evacuate the area in all directions because of the risk of BLEVE
- Evacuate or shelter in place the immediate area and downwind for a large release
- Notify local health and fire officials and pollution control agencies
- If material or contaminated runoff enters waterways, notify downstream users of potentially contaminated water

#### **Description:**

- Straw colored to amber colored oily liquid
- Ammonia-like odor
- Soluble in water
- Flammable
- Vapors are heavier than air and will collect and stay in low areas
- Freezes at 52° F

## **Operational Level Training Response:**

RELEASE, NO FIRE:

- Stop the release if it can be done safely from a distance
- Prevent material and runoff from entering sewers and waterways if it can be done safely well ahead of the release
- Use large amounts of water to disperse vapors contain runoff
- Consider the application of alcohol resistant (AFFF) foam to spilled liquid to control vapors
- Ventilate confined area if it can be done without placing personnel at risk

#### FIRE:

- Specially trained personnel operating from a safe distance can fight fires using alcohol resistant (AFFF) foam or dry chemical if available in sufficient amounts or use fog streams to extinguish burning liquid or dilute to a nonflammable mixture. Keep exposures cool to protect against re-ignition. Do not direct straight streams into the liquid.
- Cool exposed containers with large quantities of water from unattended equipment or remove intact containers if it can be done safely
- If cooling streams are ineffective (venting sound increases in volume and pitch, tank discolors or shows any signs of expanding), withdraw immediately to a secure location

### First Aid:

- Provide Basic Life Support/CPR as needed
- Decontaminate the victim as follows:
  - Inhalation remove the victim to fresh air and give oxygen if available
  - Skin remove and isolate contaminated clothing (including shoes) and wash skin with soap and large volumes of water for 15 minutes
  - Eye rinse eyes with large volumes of water or saline for 15 minutes
  - ♦ Swallowed do not make the victim vomit
- Seek medical attention
- Toxic effects may be delayed
- For skin burns decontaminate with water and apply a clean dry dressing

CAS: 112-24-3